# 9.5 EISCAT OBSERVATIONS DURING MAC/SINE AND MAC/EPSILON

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The EISCAT incoherent scatter radar facility in Tromso, Norway was operated during the MAC/SINE campaign for 78 hours in the period 10 June - 17 July 1987, and during the MAC/Epsilon campaign for 90 hours in the period 15 October - 5 November 1987. The VHF (224 MHz) radar operations during MAC/SINE yielded most interesting observations of strong coherent echoes from the mesopause region. We will present characteristic data of these polar mesospheric summer echoes. The UHF (933 MHz) radar operations during MAC/Epsilon were done with 18° off zenith beam and allow us to deduce meridional and horizontal wind components as well as radial velocity spectra in addition to the usual electron density profiles in the D and lower E regions. Some results from the VHF and UHF radars indicating the presence of gravity waves will be examined.

## Table 1. EISCAT Observations During MAC/SINE

Campaign duration:

ESICAT operation:

Total observation time:

7 June - 19 July 1987

10 June - 17 July 1987 78 hrs on 16 days, mostly 9 - 13 UT

Location:

69.6°N, 19.2°E

Transmitted frequency:

Peak transmitter power:

Duty cycle:

224 MHz 2 MW

8%

Beam position Height range Height resolution: Scattering volume:

Time resolution:

vertical 74 - 113 km 105 km  $\sim 1 \text{ km}^3$ 10 s

### Results:

- Very strong backscatter from 85 ± 4 km, nearly continuous
- Theory of radio scattering in the lower ionosphere must be modified
- High resolution observation of vertical motions:

 $\Delta w < 1$ - cm/s;  $\Delta t = 10$  s;  $\Delta z = 1.05$  km

Table 2. EISCAT Observations During MAC/Epsilon

Campaign duration: 12 October - 15 November 1987 EISCAT operation 15 October - 5 November 1987

Total observation time: 90 hr on 15 days

Location: 69.6°N, 19.2°E

Transmitted frequency: 933 MHz

Beam position: 18° zenith angle, alternately 180° and 270° azimuth

Cycle time:

Height range:

Height resolution:

Scattering volume:

Time resolution:

20 minutes

75 - 106 km

1 km

~ 1 km

~ 1 km<sup>3</sup>

5 minutes

### Results:

• Raw electron density as a function of time and height

• Zonal and meridional winds as a function of time and height

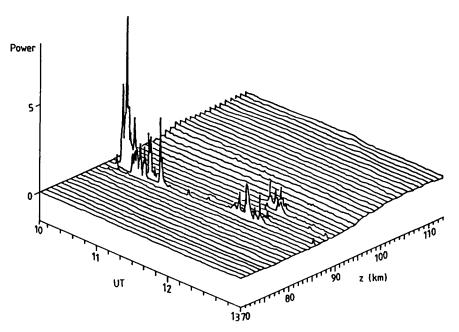


Figure 1. The backscattered power profile as a function of height and time on 10 June 1987. The height resolution is 1.05 km, the time resolution is 10 s. The power scale is arbitrary, but linear.

log average power 224 MHz
70°N; June-July 1987
43 hrs averaged; 10-14 LT

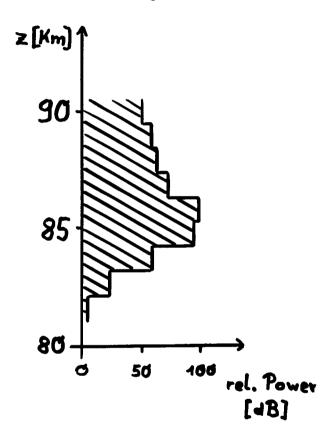


Figure 2. Log averaged power.

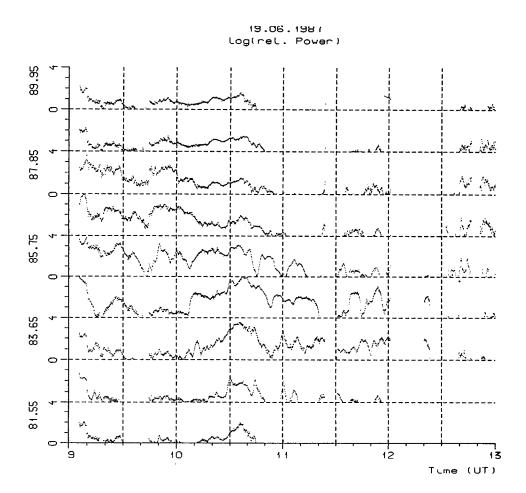


Figure 3. Log (rel. power) at nine heights.

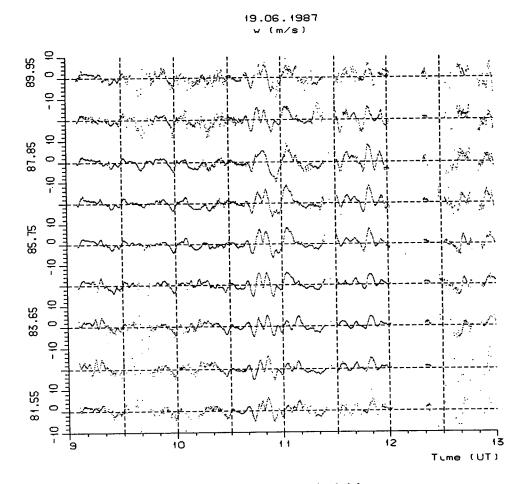


Figure 4. Vertical velocities at nine heights.

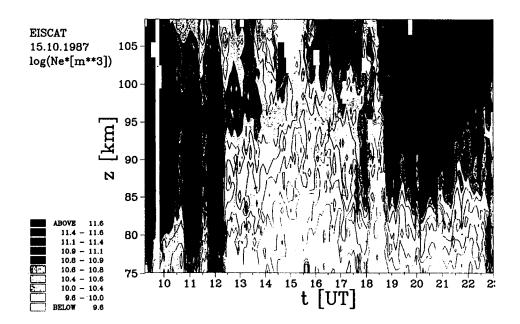


Figure 5. Raw electron density.

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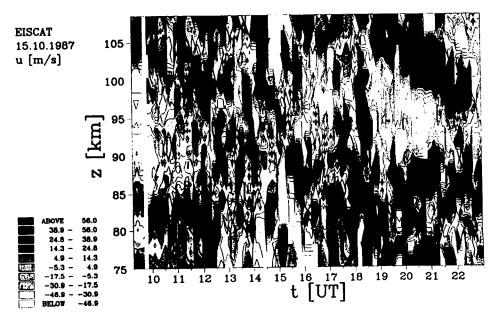


Figure 6. Zonal velocity.

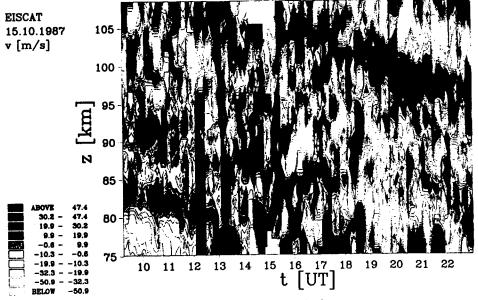


Figure 7. Meridional velocity.

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